

**ANIL NEERUKONDA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCES  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

M.Tech II-Semester Regular Examinations, May 2016

**ROBOTICS  
(MACHINE DESIGN)**

Date:

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 60

Answer ONE Question from each unit

All questions carry equal marks

All parts of the question must be answered at one place only

**UNIT-I**

- (a) Explain various classifications of Robots in detail. (6 M)  
 (b) What is the resultant rotation matrix for a rotation of  $60^\circ$  about the fixed X-axis, followed by a rotation of  $45^\circ$  about the Y-axis, followed by rotation of  $30^\circ$  about the Z-axis. Find the direction of screw axis and angle of rotation. (6M)

**OR**

- (a) Sketch a robotic system showing the various elements and explain the function of each element. (6 M)  
 (b) Explain homogeneous coordinate transformations. (6 M)

**UNIT-II**

- Obtain the direct and inverse kinematic analysis of SCORBOT robot shown in fig.1. (12 M)

**OR**

- (a) Discuss briefly about Successive screw displacements. (6 M)  
 (b) Derive the direct kinematics of a 3-DOF Planar manipulator shown in fig.2 (6 M)

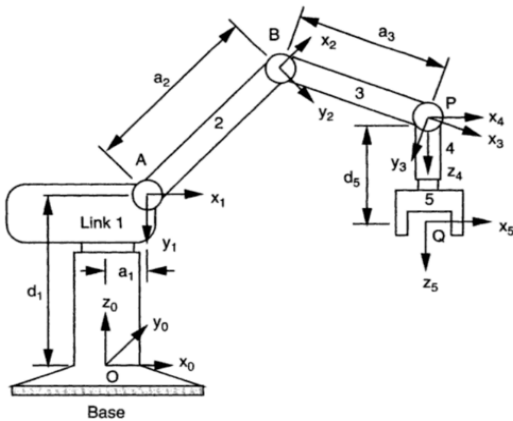


FIG. 1

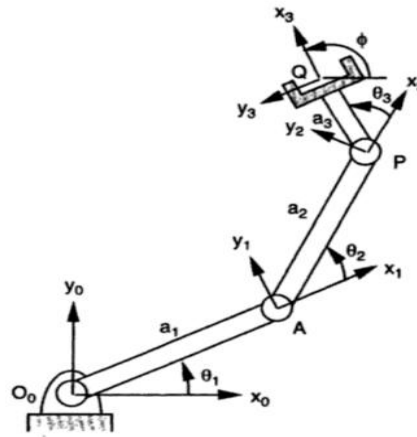


FIG. 2

**UNIT-III**

- Fig.3 shows the schematic diagram of planar 2-DOF five bar manipulator that is constructed with one prismatic and four revolute joints. Find the end effeter position Q as function of the two input joint variables,  $d_1$  and  $\theta_2$ . (12 M)

**OR**

- Explain how the possible manipulator postures corresponding to given end-effeter location of planar 3-DOF, 3RRR parallel manipulator shown in fig.4 can be determined. (12 M)

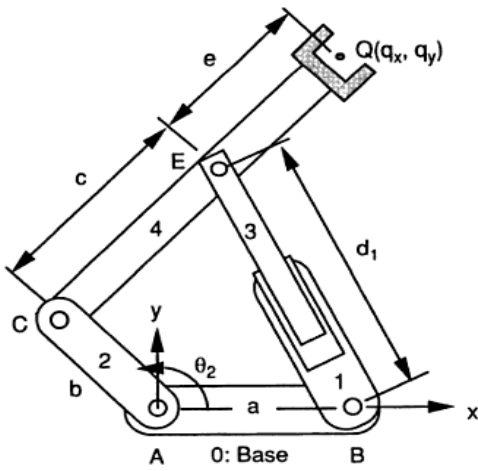


FIG. 3

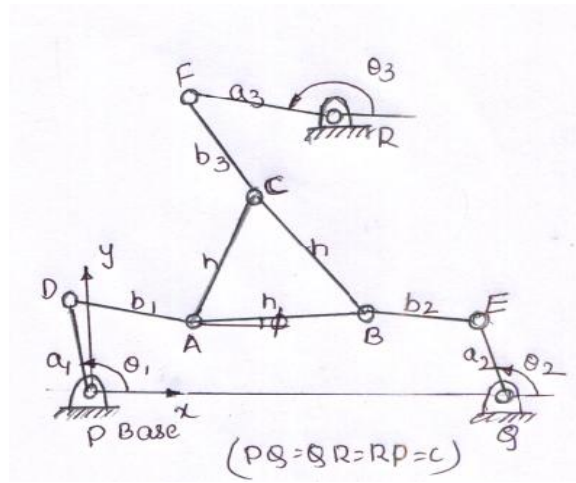


FIG. 4

**UNIT-IV**

7. What is a Jacobian? Discuss about Conventional Jacobian and Screw -based Jacobian with simple example. (12 M)

**OR**

8. Derive the Conventional Jacobian of a planar 2-DOF manipulator shown in fig.5 (12 M)

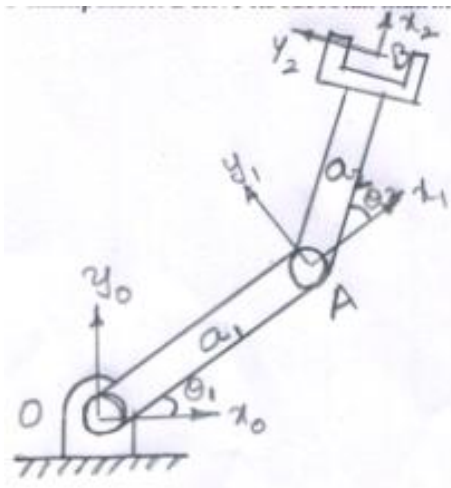


FIG.5

**UNIT-V**

9. (a) A single link robot with a rotary joint is motionless at  $\theta=30^\circ$ . It is desired to move the joint in a smooth manner to  $\theta=80^\circ$  in 6 seconds. Find the coefficients of a cubic which accomplishes this motion and brings the manipulator to rest at the goal. Plot the position, velocity and acceleration of the joint as a function of time. (6 M)

(b) Explain various textual programming methods in robot? (6 M)

**OR**

10. (a) What is collision free path planning. (6 M)  
 (b) Differentiate between online programming and off line programming. (6 M)